

Name _____

Date _____

Chapter 18

Student
Study Guide

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Settling the Western Frontier: 1862-1890

Directions: Fill in the outline below. Filling in the blanks will help you as you read and study Chapter 18.

I. Section 1 The Great Plains (pp. 349-351)

- A. The Great Plains
 1. Was a vast stretch of land between _____ and _____
- B. Communication
 1. Improved in _____ with the completion of _____
- C. The Transcontinental Railroad
 1. Congress provided money for its construction in _____
 2. The two railroads met at _____ in _____

II. Section 2 Frontier Life (pp. 352-355)

- A. Gold and Silver
 1. Attracted many _____ and _____ to the West
- B. Miners
 1. Most never became _____
 2. Grouped together to form _____
- C. Texas
 1. Became an important _____
 2. Ranchers could sell their cattle in eastern cities because of the _____
- D. The Chisholm Trail
 1. Was a widely used _____ for moving _____
- E. Cowhands
 1. Their main jobs were to prevent _____ and protect _____
- F. The Homestead Act of 1862
 1. Congress gave settlers _____ acres of land if they would _____
 2. Pioneers who owned land under this act were called _____
- G. The Plains Farmers
 1. Found that the ground was _____ and there was little _____
 2. Built _____ houses
 3. Pumped water from underground to the surface by using _____

III. Section 3 The Plains Indians (pp. 356-359)

- A. The Plains Indians
 1. Included the _____, _____, _____, and seven tribes of _____

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2. Depended on the _____ for their way of life

B. Buffalo

1. Between 1865 and 1875, millions of buffalo were _____

2. _____ got the name _____ after killing more than 4,000 buffalo

3. The loss of buffalo forced American Indians to _____

C. Treaties

1. Required the _____ to stay within certain boundaries

2. The U.S. government would teach the American Indians to _____

3. The U.S. government said the American Indians' way of life _____

D. The Black Hills

1. Gold was discovered there in _____

2. Was holy land to the _____

3. Chiefs _____ and _____ decided to defend their land

E. Colonel George Armstrong Custer

1. Custer and his troops were killed at _____ on _____ by warriors

F. Custer's Last Stand

1. Would be the last _____ for the Plains Indians

2. Forced the government to move all American Indians _____

G. The Nez Percé Indians

1. Tried to escape to _____

2. Many _____ along the way

3. Chief Joseph urged his people to _____

H. Chief Red Cloud

1. Went to Washington, D.C. to tell the President that he wanted _____

IV. Section 4 Congress Aids American Indians (pp. 360-361)A. *A Century of Dishonor*

1. Was published in _____ by _____

B. The Dawes Act of 1887

1. Attempted to turn American Indians into _____

C. 1924

1. Was the year all American Indians were made _____

D. Wounded Knee

1. Some American Indians believed _____ would bring back _____

2. On _____, the _____ arrived to stop and disarm hundreds of dancers

3. After a shot was fired, soldiers killed about _____

4. The massacre _____ the fighting

E. The Frontier Line

1. By _____, the frontier had been conquered

Do You Remember?

Directions: Write the answers to these questions using complete sentences.

- 1) What two companies were chosen to build the transcontinental railroad?

- 2) What form of transportation did most Americans use to travel to the West before the completion of the transcontinental railroad?

- 3) What improved communication in 1861?

- 4) Before the transcontinental railroad was completed, how were goods and supplies shipped from east to west?

- 5) How was the completion of the transcontinental railroad observed?

Miners, Cowhands, and Farmers

Directions: Write each of the following words or phrases from the Word Bank under the heading to which it belongs.

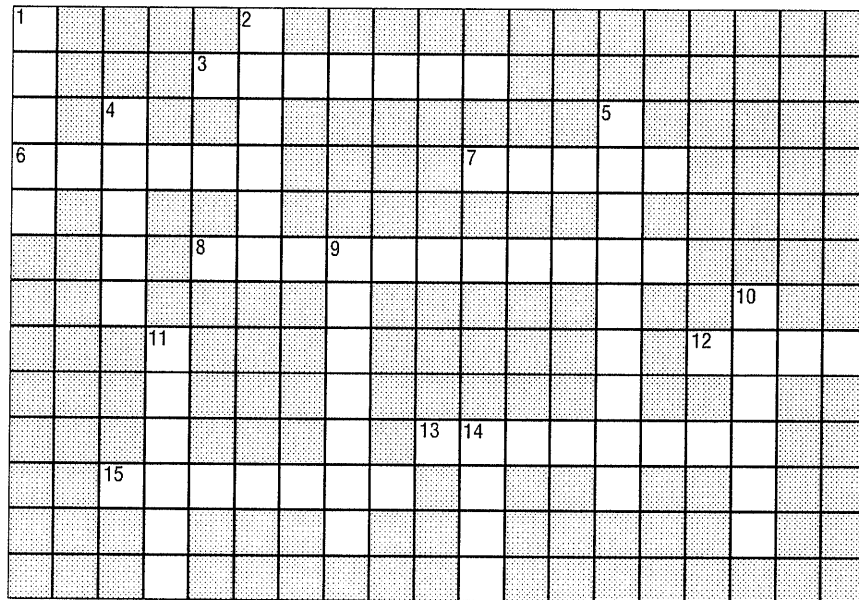
Word Bank		
branding	longhorns	silver strike
Chisholm Trail	Nevada	sod house
dry farming	Pikes Peak	stampede
gold strike	prospectors	Texas
homesteaders	railroad holding pens	windmills

Miners

Cowhands

Farmers

Plains Indians Crossword



Across

- 3) One man killed 4,000 of these in eighteen months
- 6) American Indians believed the Great _____ lived in the Black Hills
- 7) Chief Red _____
- 8) People looking for gold
- 12) "Buffalo Bill"
- 13) One group that fought the Seventh Cavalry
- 15) State where battle occurred in June of 1876

Down

- 1) Chief Crazy _____
- 2) Man who led the Seventh Cavalry
- 4) The Black Hills were holy to these people
- 5) To give up to the enemy
- 9) Chief _____ Bull
- 10) Famous Nez Percé Chief
- 11) Territory where Black Hills were located
- 14) Little Big _____ River

Failed Attempts to Help American Indians

Directions: Choose a phrase from the box to complete each sentence below. Write the correct answer on the line after each question.

- | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| • no frontier line | • family-sized farms | • by government agents |
| • the vast western lands | • religious movement | • become farmers |
| • had been mistreated | • protect them from bullets | • killed or wounded |
| • every member of Congress | | |

1) *A Century of Dishonor* detailed how badly American Indians

2) Helen Hunt Jackson's book was given to

3) The Dawes Act was intended to help American Indians

4) American Indian lands were divided into

5) Sometimes, American Indians were victimized

6) The Ghost Dance was a

7) Some American Indians believed the Ghost Dance would

8) At Wounded Knee, 290 Ghost Dance followers were

9) By 1890, there was

10) Between 1864 and 1912, thirteen states were created from

Identifying People

Directions: Match each item in Column A with a detail in Column B. Write the letter of each correct answer on the line.

Column A

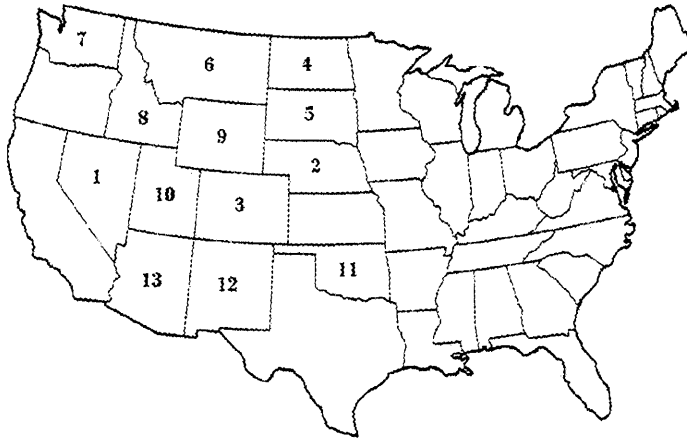
- _____ 1) "Buffalo Bill"
- _____ 2) Chief Red Cloud
- _____ 3) George Armstrong Custer
- _____ 4) homesteader
- _____ 5) Chief Joseph
- _____ 6) Plains Indians
- _____ 7) Great Spirit
- _____ 8) cowhand
- _____ 9) Wild Bill Hickock
- _____ 10) Joseph Glidden
- _____ 11) George Crook
- _____ 12) Cochise
- _____ 13) Chief Crazy Horse
- _____ 14) Chinese
- _____ 15) Lucien Smith

Column B

- a) perfected barbed wire
- b) "I will fight no more forever"
- c) United States marshal
- d) pioneer who owned land under the Homestead Act
- e) killed 4,000 buffalo in eighteen months
- f) tended cattle
- g) Cheyenne, Comanche, Blackfeet, and seven tribes of Sioux nation
- h) hoped to convince the President of the United States to understand that American Indians wanted peace
- i) forced surrender that ended the Apache Wars
- j) died at the Battle of the Little Big Horn River
- k) many of them worked on the transcontinental railroad
- l) was present in the Black Hills, according to Sioux legend
- m) patented an artificial thorn hedge
- n) one of two leaders who gathered 2,000 Sioux and Cheyenne
- o) chief of the Chiricahua Apaches

Settling the Western Frontier

Directions: Look at the map below. Write the name of the state on the blank next to the number that matches the number of the state on the map. After the name of each state, write the year that it joined the Union.



- 1) _____
- 2) _____
- 3) _____
- 4) _____
- 5) _____
- 6) _____
- 7) _____
- 8) _____
- 9) _____
- 10) _____
- 11) _____
- 12) _____
- 13) _____

Western Frontier Puzzle

A. Directions: Write the correct word from the Word Bank to complete each sentence.

- 1) The chief of the Chiricahua Apaches was _____ .
- 2) Two railroad companies were chosen to build the first transcontinental railroad: the Union Pacific and the Central _____ .
- 3) In *A Century of _____* , Helen Hunt Jackson wrote about the mistreatment of American Indians.
- 4) Cowhands moved cattle over 1,000 miles along western routes like the _____ Trail.
- 5) American soldiers killed or wounded 290 American Indian men, women, and children at Wounded _____ , South Dakota.
- 6) Under the _____ Act of 1862, settlers were given 160 acres of land if they agreed to live on it for at least five years.
- 7) By the 1870s, most American Indians had agreed to move to _____ , land set aside for them by the United States government.
- 8) The purpose of the _____ Act of 1887 was to enable American Indians to become American citizens if they agreed to farm a plot of land.
- 9) Chief Joseph of the Nez _____ urged his people to surrender to the American government, saying "I will fight no more forever."
- 10) Some settlers had been frightened by the _____ Dance.

B. Directions: Use the words from the sentences to fill in the words in this puzzle. The letters in the box reading down name a part of America that had been conquered in the second half of the nineteenth century.

1)	— — — — —	_____ _____ _____ _____ _____ _____ _____ _____ _____ _____	_____
2)	_____		_____
3)	— — — — —		_____
4)	_____		_____
5)	_____		_____
6)	— — — — —		_____
7)	— — — — —		_____
8)	_____		_____
9)	— — — — —		_____
10)	— — — — —		_____

Word Bank
Chisolm
Cochise
Dawes
Dishonor
Ghost
Homestead
Knee
Pacific
Percé
reservations

Chapter 18 Mastery Test A

Part A Match each item on the left with the correct item on the right.

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| _____ 1) Homestead Act | a) Stagecoach line |
| _____ 2) "Buffalo Bill" | b) Windmills |
| _____ 3) Ghost Dance | c) Union Pacific Railroad |
| _____ 4) Started at Sacramento | d) Black Hills |
| _____ 5) Promontory Point | e) American Indian religious movement |
| _____ 6) Gold rush | f) Union Pacific and Central Pacific Railroads met |
| _____ 7) Traveled west from St. Louis | g) Settlers received 160 acres of land |
| _____ 8) Pumped water for settlers | h) William F. Cody |
| _____ 9) Moved to reservations | i) Gold miners' tools |
| _____ 10) Picks, pans, and shovels | j) American Indian peoples |

Part B Circle the word or phrase in parentheses that best completes each sentence.

- 1) (African Americans, American Indians) were moved to reservations.
- 2) The way of life of the Plains Indians depended on (the buffalo, farming).
- 3) Chief Joseph was the leader of the (Blackfeet, Nez Percé)
- 4) Miners and farmers were among the first to settle in the (Northwest, West).
- 5) Cavalry soldiers killed hundreds of American Indians at (Rosebud Reservation, Wounded Knee).
- 6) (Thirteen, Seventeen) states were added to America between 1864 and 1912.
- 7) The (railroad, stagecoach) trip from St. Louis to California took three weeks.
- 8) The Union Pacific Railroad began at Omaha and was built (eastward, westward).

Chapter 18 Mastery Test A, continued

Part C Write a short answer on the blank line for each question.

- 1) Many immigrants from which country worked on the transcontinental railroad? _____
- 2) This is the land between the Missouri River and the Rocky Mountains. _____
- 3) This was one of a cowboy's main jobs. _____
- 4) The killing of thousands of this animal helped destroy American Indian ways. _____
- 5) This cavalry colonel and his men were killed at the Little Big Horn. _____
- 6) When the Dawes Act passed, what were American Indians to become? _____
- 7) A treaty promised that the Black Hills would forever belong to which American Indian people? _____

Part D Circle the letter of the answer that correctly completes each sentence.

- 1) A state that was *not* added to America between 1864 and 1912 was
 - a) Colorado.
 - b) Utah.
 - c) South Dakota.
 - d) Minnesota.
- 2) Helen Hunt Jackson wrote *A Century of Dishonor*, a book about
 - a) the overuse of chemicals in farming.
 - b) how American Indians were mistreated.
 - c) how too many buffalo were killed.
 - d) the early 1990s.
- 3) Texans discovered large herds of
 - a) longhorn cattle.
 - b) horses.
 - c) wild mules.
 - d) pigs.
- 4) Plains Indians
 - a) were nomads.
 - b) were farmers.
 - c) stayed in one place for long periods.
 - d) all spoke one language.
- 5) Farmers on the Great Plains made houses out of
 - a) buffalo hides.
 - b) sod.
 - c) hay bales.
 - d) field stones.