

## America Becomes a World Power: 1898-1913

**Directions:** Fill in the outline below. Filling in the blanks will help you as you read and study Chapter 22.

### I. Section 1 The Problem With Spain (pp. 425-426)

- A. The Growth of Industry and Business
  - 1. Put America in a better position to \_\_\_\_\_
- B. Cuba and Puerto Rico
  - 1. Were the only pieces of the \_\_\_\_\_
  - 2. People in Cuba had been victims of \_\_\_\_\_
- C. U.S.S. *Maine*
  - 1. Was the battleship President McKinley sent to Cuba to protect \_\_\_\_\_
  - 2. \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ in the Havana harbor on February 15, 1898
- D. President McKinley
  - 1. Ignored Spain's promise to \_\_\_\_\_

### II. Section 2 The "Splendid Little War" (pp. 427-429)

- A. The Spanish-American War
  - 1. Lasted \_\_\_\_\_ months
  - 2. The biggest battle took place in \_\_\_\_\_
  - 3. Spain and the U.S. had an \_\_\_\_\_ on August 12, 1898
- B. The Results of the War
  - 1. \_\_\_\_\_ got its independence
  - 2. The U.S. got \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_
- C. The Philippines
  - 1. Declared its \_\_\_\_\_
  - 2. Was defeated by the U.S. after \_\_\_\_\_ years of fighting
  - 3. Provided the U.S. with a \_\_\_\_\_
- D. Cuba
  - 1. The Cuban republic agreed to let America \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_

### III. Section 3 The Nation Increases Its Power (pp. 430-432)

- A. The Hawaiian Islands
  - 1. Were made an American territory in \_\_\_\_\_
- B. China
  - 1. Was under the control of \_\_\_\_\_ countries
  - 2. \_\_\_\_\_ convinced foreign nations there to allow \_\_\_\_\_
  - 3. \_\_\_\_\_ were political clubs that discussed how to remove foreigners

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

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C. The Boxers

1. Rebelled in the spring of \_\_\_\_\_
2. The U. S. returned Chinese money which helped bring \_\_\_\_\_

**IV. Section 4 New Leadership for a New Country (pp. 433-436)**

A. President McKinley

1. Was re-elected in \_\_\_\_\_ but was \_\_\_\_\_ less than one year later

B. Theodore Roosevelt

1. Became the youngest President when he replaced McKinley in \_\_\_\_\_

C. Progressives

1. Were a group of reformers that wanted people to have more \_\_\_\_\_

D. President Roosevelt

1. Became known as the \_\_\_\_\_ for his control of big business

**V. Section 5 Roosevelt's Other Achievements (pp. 437-440)**

A. Congress

1. Passed many laws that protected Americans from \_\_\_\_\_
2. Passed a law in 1902 that gave the government power to \_\_\_\_\_

B. The Navy

1. Built by Roosevelt to protect American interests in \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_

C. The Roosevelt Corollary

1. Was an addition to the \_\_\_\_\_, stating the U.S. would \_\_\_\_\_

D. The Panama Canal

1. Connected the \_\_\_\_\_ to the \_\_\_\_\_

E. The Big Stick Policy

1. Allowed the U.S. to use the military to bring back order to \_\_\_\_\_

**VI. Section 6 "As Strong as a Bull Moose" (pp. 441-443)**

A. William Howard Taft

1. Was elected President in \_\_\_\_\_ and tried to fulfill \_\_\_\_\_

B. Taft's Achievements

1. The \_\_\_\_\_ gave the government power to collect income taxes
2. Set up the Department of \_\_\_\_\_

C. The Election of 1912

1. Republicans nominated \_\_\_\_\_
2. Roosevelt was nominated by his new \_\_\_\_\_ party
3. Democrats nominated \_\_\_\_\_, who won the election

## Do You Remember?

**Directions:** Write the answers to these questions using complete sentences.

- 1) What helped put America in a better position to compete with the countries of Europe?

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- 2) What parts of the former Spanish empire remained in North America?

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- 3) Why was America so concerned about Cuba?

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- 4) What did President McKinley offer to do in order to avoid a war with Spain?

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- 5) Why did Theodore Roosevelt send an American fleet to the Philippines?

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# Splendid Little War

**Directions:** The statements below could have been made about Cuba or the Philippines. Write each statement under the correct heading at the bottom. Some statements may apply to both countries.

- Admiral Dewey destroyed the Spanish navy there.
- The Rough Riders captured San Juan Hill there.
- In 1902, the United States made an agreement with this new republic.
- The United States paid Spain \$20 million for it.
- It is in the Pacific Ocean.
- Its people wanted their own government.
- Walter Reed rid it of yellow fever.
- America could keep military bases there.
- American forces remained there for four years.
- The United States sent an army to stop its independence movement.

**Cuba**

**Philippines**

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## The United States and China

**Directions:** Match each item in Column A with a detail in Column B. Write the letter of each correct answer on the line.

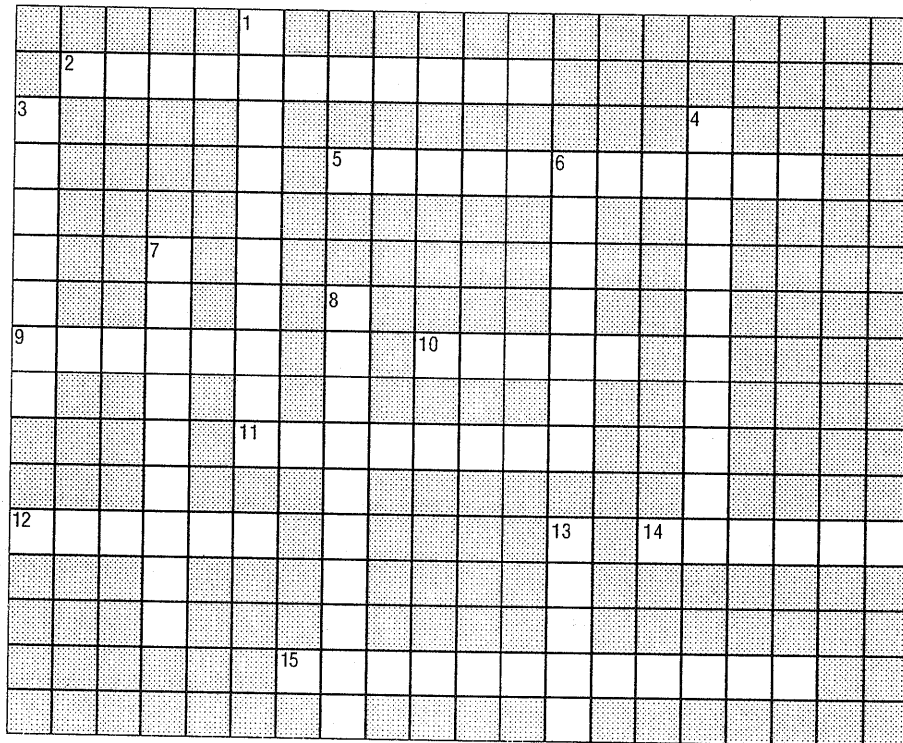
### Column A

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1) foreigners
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2) Open Door Policy
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3) Hawaiian Islands
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4) John Hay
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5) Japan
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6) American universities
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7) European countries
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8) Boxers
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9) China's trade
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10) Pacific
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11) troops
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12) Boxer Rebellion
- \_\_\_\_\_ 13) Great Britain
- \_\_\_\_\_ 14) Chinese
- \_\_\_\_\_ 15) Philippines

### Column B

- a) U.S. Secretary of State
- b) owned land in China
- c) Chinese who rebelled
- d) trading plan for China
- e) ocean between China and United States
- f) some Chinese wanted them out
- g) Asian country that gained Chinese land
- h) threatened to destroy Open Door Policy
- i) money returned was used to send Chinese young people to these
- j) established own government and courts in China
- k) with Hawaii gave America a stronger ability to trade with the Far East
- l) became American territory in 1900
- m) American merchants were afraid it would fall under control of a few countries
- n) sent to China to protect American interests
- o) revolt in China

## Turn-of-the-Century Crossword



### Across

- 2) Ida Tarbell accused him of making an oil monopoly
- 5) America set up a naval base here
- 9) Throughout the world
- 10) Democratic candidate in 1900
- 11) He was assassinated in 1901
- 12) Roosevelt agreed with striking coal \_\_\_\_\_
- 14) Vote out of office
- 15) New reform group

### Down

- 1) The right voters have to approve or reject bills
- 3) Anti-Trust Act named for him
- 4) Power citizens have to suggest new laws
- 6) An election in which people choose the candidates
- 7) Took office in 1901
- 8) People who write about corruption
- 13) President Roosevelt became known as a "\_\_\_\_\_ buster"

## Roosevelt Numbers

**Directions:** Choose a number from the box for each blank in the sentences below. Write that number on the correct blank. Some numbers may be used more than once.

3	1902	1908
10	1905	1914
150	1906	7,000

- 1) The Panama Canal was completed in \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2) Roosevelt helped Russia and Japan end their war in \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3) Congress passed the Meat Inspection Act in \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4) Gifford Pinchot convinced the President to add \_\_\_\_\_ million acres of land to the country's forest preserve.
- 5) The federal government gained the power to build dams to create irrigation projects by a law passed in \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6) Many state governments had set up their own conservation projects by the year \_\_\_\_\_.
- 7) The United States had \_\_\_\_\_ foreign policy plans.
- 8) The Republic of Panama received \$ \_\_\_\_\_ million from the United States, plus yearly rent.
- 9) The Panama Canal took \_\_\_\_\_ years to build.
- 10) The Panama Canal cut the distance from New York to San Francisco by more than \_\_\_\_\_ miles.

## Roosevelt Becomes a Bull Moose

**Directions:** Complete the paragraphs below. Choose the correct term or phrase from the Word Bank.

### Word Bank

American Tobacco Company	Republican party
Bull Moose party	Robert E. Peary
Congress	Sixteenth Amendment
Democratic party	Standard Oil Trust
Department of Labor	William Howard Taft
Matthew Henson	William Jennings Bryan
New Freedom	Woodrow Wilson
New Nationalism	

President Roosevelt, not wanting a third term in office, convinced the  
 1) \_\_\_\_\_ to nominate 2) \_\_\_\_\_. Their  
 candidate had no trouble winning the presidency. He defeated the  
 3) \_\_\_\_\_ candidate, 4) \_\_\_\_\_.

President Taft took office in 1909. That same year, two men discovered the North Pole.  
 African American 5) \_\_\_\_\_ accompanied  
 6) \_\_\_\_\_ on that journey as well as many others during a twenty-  
 year period.

President Taft demanded a restructuring of the 7) \_\_\_\_\_ and  
 he ordered the break-up of the 8) \_\_\_\_\_. During his  
 administration, 9) \_\_\_\_\_ gave the government power to collect  
 income taxes, through the passage of the 10) \_\_\_\_\_. Also, the  
 11) \_\_\_\_\_ was set up.

In 1912, Roosevelt sought re-election as a candidate of the  
 12) \_\_\_\_\_. This candidate went against Republican Taft and the  
 Democratic candidate, 13) \_\_\_\_\_. The Democrats promised a  
 program called the 14) \_\_\_\_\_, while Roosevelt called his plan the  
 15) \_\_\_\_\_. The Democrats won the election.



## Spanish-American War True or False

**Directions:** Read each sentence. Write *T* if the statement is true or *F* if it is false.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1) The biggest battle of the Spanish-American War took place in Cuba.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2) The Spanish-American War lasted fifteen months.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3) Admiral Dewey destroyed the Spanish navy in the Gulf of Mexico.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4) Theodore Roosevelt organized a group of soldiers called the “Rough Riders.”
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5) Spain and the United States agreed to stop fighting in 1898.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6) Spain did not agree to give Cuba its independence.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7) Some in the Senate did not want the United States controlling foreign territories.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8) The Senate never approved the treaty with Spain.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9) The United States paid \$20 million to Spain for the Philippines.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10) The United States was defeated by the Filipino army.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11) A Cuban republic was set up shortly after the Spanish-American War.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12) After the Spanish-American War, the people of the Philippines did not want to be under the control of the United States.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 13) John Hay called the Spanish-American War a “silly little war.”
- \_\_\_\_\_ 14) United States forces did not remain in Cuba.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 15) Walter Reed failed to rid Cuba of yellow fever.

## Write the Place

**Directions:** Read each statement. On the line beside it, write the place it describes.

- 1) The World Court is located there. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2) Foreign battleships there concerned President Roosevelt.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3) The United States helped this country with its foreign debts.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 4) Countries here had political and economic problems in 1900.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 5) The United States opened a canal through it in 1914.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 6) American foreign policy toward this area was to remain neutral.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 7) American foreign policy toward this area had to do with settling disputes and improving trade. \_\_\_\_\_
- 8) American foreign policy toward this area had to do with the Monroe Doctrine. \_\_\_\_\_
- 9) President Roosevelt helped Russia and this country end a war in 1905. \_\_\_\_\_
- 10) President Roosevelt built a strong navy to protect interests here.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 11) The American navy needed a faster way to get from the Atlantic Ocean to this body of water. \_\_\_\_\_
- 12) Panama revolted against this country. \_\_\_\_\_
- 13) This country helped Panama with its revolt. \_\_\_\_\_
- 14) The Panama Canal cut the distance between New York and this city by more than 7,000 miles. \_\_\_\_\_
- 15) This country had the "Big Stick" policy. \_\_\_\_\_

## World Power Puzzle

**A. Directions:** Write the correct word from the Word Bank to complete each sentence.

- 1) American newspapers blamed the Spanish government for sinking the U.S.S. \_\_\_\_\_ on February 15, 1898.
- 2) A medical officer named Walter Reed rid \_\_\_\_\_ of yellow fever.
- 3) The United States was so successful in the Spanish-American War that the Secretary of State called it a "\_\_\_\_\_ little war."
- 4) Theodore Roosevelt organized a group of soldiers called the "\_\_\_\_\_ Riders" and led them in capturing Cuba's San Juan Hill.
- 5) The Chinese people revolted against European countries and Japan in the \_\_\_\_\_ Rebellion.
- 6) When President Roosevelt agreed with coal miners who had gone on \_\_\_\_\_ in 1902, it was the first time that the American government supported the rights of union workers.
- 7) President William Howard \_\_\_\_\_ ordered the breakup of the Standard Oil Trust.
- 8) The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) was founded by Ida Wells-Barnet and W. E. B. Du \_\_\_\_\_.
- 9) The Sixteenth Amendment gave the American government the power to collect \_\_\_\_\_ taxes for the first time.
- 10) Journalists who wrote articles exposing corruption and social problems were called "\_\_\_\_\_."

**B. Directions:** Use the words from the sentences to fill in the words in this puzzle. The letters in the box reading down spell out President Roosevelt's name for American foreign policy in Latin America.

1)	— — — — —				
2)		— — —	— — —	— — —	
3)	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	
4)		— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	
5)	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	
6)			— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —
7)		— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	
8)		— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	
9)		— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	
10)	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —	— — — — —

### Word Bank

Bois  
Boxer  
Cuba  
income  
*Maine*  
muckrakers  
Rough  
splendid  
strike  
Taft



## Chapter 22 Mastery Test B

**Part A** Match each item on the left with the correct item on the right. Write the correct letter on each line.

- |                              |  |
|------------------------------|--|
| _____ 1) U.S.S. <i>Maine</i> | a) Sank in Havana Harbor   |
| _____ 2) Teddy Roosevelt     | b) Example of Chinese nationalism  |
| _____ 3) Walter Reed         | c) Government received power to collect income taxes during his administration |
| _____ 4) William McKinley    | d) Leader of the "Rough Riders"  |
| _____ 5) San Juan Hill       | e) Shorter sea route from New York to San Francisco                            |
| _____ 6) Panama Canal        | f) Battle during the Spanish-American War                                      |
| _____ 7) William Howard Taft | g) Assassinated in office  |
| _____ 8) Boxer Rebellion     | h) Got rid of yellow fever in Cuba   |

**Part B** Write the word or phrase in the blank that best completes each sentence.

- 1) During the Spanish-American War, "Remember the \_\_\_\_\_!" was the call to action.
- 2) President Taft ordered the \_\_\_\_\_ of the Standard Oil Trust.
- 3) The Meat Inspection Act was passed to protect Americans from the sale of \_\_\_\_\_ meat.
- 4) A recall is a vote that \_\_\_\_\_ a poorly performing elected official.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

# Splendid Little War

BONUS

+ 1 pt.

for each correct answer

**Directions:** The statements below could have been made about Cuba or the Philippines. Write each statement under the correct heading at the bottom. Some statements may apply to both countries.

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- The United States paid Spain \$20 million for it.
- It is in the Pacific Ocean.
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- America could keep military bases there.
- American forces remained there for four years.
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**Cuba**

**Philippines**

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