

The Roaring Twenties: 1920-1929

Directions: Fill in the outline below. Filling in the blanks will help you as you read and study Chapter 24.

I. Section 1 Americans Want to Return to Normal Times (pp. 469-472)

- A. The National Woman Suffrage Association
 - 1. Was formed in _____ and led by _____ and _____
- B. The Nineteenth Amendment
 - 1. Gave all American women _____
- C. Warren G. Harding
 - 1. Won the _____ election
 - 2. The _____ passed during his administration limited immigration
- D. The Teapot Dome Scandal
 - 1. Secretary of the Interior _____ took money for low rent _____
- E. President Harding
 - 1. Died suddenly on _____
- F. President Calvin Coolidge
 - 1. Was a friend and supporter of the _____ community
 - 2. Was re-elected in _____

II. Section 2 Society Changes: Fords, Flappers, and Radios (pp. 473-476)

- A. The 1920s
 - 1. Was a period of many social _____
- B. The Ford Model T
 - 1. Became the most popular way to travel in the _____
 - 2. Was the first _____ made by an _____
- C. Women in the 1920s
 - 1. Many were called _____
 - 2. Wanted to gain more _____ freedom
- D. Radios in the 1920s
 - 1. Brought an unlimited source of _____ and _____ into the home

III. Section 3 The Spirit of the Jazz Age (pp. 477-479)

- A. Jazz
 - 1. Songs and sounds were not only written on paper but were _____
 - 2. Was a mixture of _____ and _____ musical styles
 - 3. The earliest type of jazz was _____
- B. The Charleston
 - 1. Was a popular _____ in the 1920s

C. Writers in the 1920s

1. Tried to tell the story of _____

D. The Harlem Renaissance

1. Was the period from _____ to _____
when Harlem became _____

IV. Section 4 Social Problems in the 1920s (pp. 480-481)

A. Discrimination in America

1. Americans who were fearful of others used the slogan _____

B. The New Ku Klux Klan

1. Wanted to define an American as _____, _____,
and _____

C. The Immigration Act of 1924

1. Limited the number of immigrants from _____
2. Did not allow any immigrants from _____
3. Was passed out of fear of _____

D. The Eighteenth Amendment

1. Was ratified in _____
2. Made it illegal to sell _____ in the United States
3. _____ continued to make and sell liquor
4. Speakeasies were popular meeting places where _____
5. Prohibition resulted in a very high rise in _____

E. The Twenty-First Amendment

1. Repealed the _____ in _____

V. Section 5 American Confidence Rises and Falls (pp. 482-483)

A. Charles Lindbergh

1. Made the first nonstop, solo flight across the _____
in _____

B. The Election of 1928

1. Republicans nominated _____
2. Democrats nominated _____
3. _____ won the election

C. The Stock Market

1. Rose through most of _____
2. The price of many stocks was _____ than their true value
3. On _____, the stock market crashed, sending the country into
a _____

Name _____

Date _____

Chapter 24

Workbook
Activity

87

Do You Remember?

Directions: Write the answers to these questions using complete sentences.

1) Who led the National Woman Suffrage Association?

2) What percentage of the popular vote did Warren Harding receive in the election of 1920?

3) What event led to Calvin Coolidge becoming President?

4) Why was the Veteran's Bureau established?

5) Secretary of the Interior Albert B. Fall was jailed because of his role in what political scandal?

Society Changes

Directions: Choose the phrase from the Word Bank that will best complete the sentences below. Write a phrase on each line.

Word Bank

| | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| assembly line | Communication by phone | older generation |
| became affordable | fastest speed | social changes |
| challenge old ideas | leisure time | social freedom |
| changed gears | monthly payments | ten million Americans |
| commercial radio station | more mobile | unlimited source |

- 1) Many _____ occurred in America in the 1920s.
- 2) People's purchasing power changed with a new ability to buy things in _____.
- 3) _____ helped to bring people closer together.
- 4) Americans had more money and more _____.
- 5) As more people bought cars, the society became _____.
- 6) In the mid-1920s, the price of cars dropped, so they _____ to a greater number of Americans.
- 7) The Model T was the first car made on an _____.
- 8) Unlike our modern cars, the early automobiles were able to travel a _____ of forty miles per hour.
- 9) When driving the Model T, Americans _____ by using a foot pedal.
- 10) Women of the 1920s refused to be tied down to the actions of the _____.
- 11) Women began to _____ about how they should act.
- 12) Women's desire to gain more _____ could be seen in the changes in their style of dressing.
- 13) The radio became an _____ of free information and entertainment.
- 14) In 1920, the first _____ began broadcasting in Pittsburgh.
- 15) By 1929, about _____ owned radios.

Social Problems

Directions: Each statement below is related to the Immigration Act, the Ku Klux Klan, or Prohibition. Write each statement under the correct heading at the bottom of the page.

- The Twenty-First Amendment repealed it.
- Its people helped elect governors in two states.
- New people from Japan were not allowed in America.
- It limited the number of immigrants from Europe.
- Because of this, the 1920s became known as "The Dry Decade."
- It was formed in the South.
- Because of it, speakeasies became popular.
- It came into being in 1924.
- Its people held a parade in Washington.
- It was brought about by the Eighteenth Amendment.

Immigration Act

Ku Klux Klan

Prohibition

American Confidence

Directions: Match each item in Column A with a detail in Column B. Write the letter of each correct answer on the line.

Column A

- _____ 1) Herbert Hoover
- _____ 2) Great Depression
- _____ 3) United States
- _____ 4) Charles Lindbergh
- _____ 5) Al Smith
- _____ 6) stock market
- _____ 7) profit
- _____ 8) *Spirit of St. Louis*
- _____ 9) soup houses
- _____ 10) Radio Corporation of America
- _____ 11) Babe Ruth
- _____ 12) Calvin Coolidge
- _____ 13) Paris, France
- _____ 14) New York
- _____ 15) Roaring Twenties

Column B

- a) man who made first solo flight
- b) he hit sixty home runs
- c) its stock rose by over \$400 a share in one year
- d) Lindbergh's destination
- e) Republican nominee in 1928
- f) he did not seek re-election in 1928
- g) city Lindbergh left from
- h) Hoover's opponent in 1928
- i) what stock buyers hoped to make
- j) Great Depression was the worst depression in its history
- k) name for a decade
- l) Republican campaign posters said Smith would bring on these
- m) name of Lindbergh's plane
- n) market for buying and selling stock
- o) a time of great struggle

Chapter 24 Mastery Test A

Part A Read each sentence. Write *T* if the statement is true or *F* if it is false.

- _____ 1) Bootleggers produced illegal footwear.
- _____ 2) The Ku Klux Klan consisted of northerners who feared African Americans and others who were not like group members.
- _____ 3) The Immigration Act was passed because immigrants were seen as a threat to democracy.
- _____ 4) Calvin Coolidge was known by many as "Silent Cal."
- _____ 5) The Teapot Dome Scandal became public during President Harding's administration.
- _____ 6) Flappers were independent young women of the 1920s.

Part B Write the word in each blank that best completes each sentence.

- 1) The National Woman _____ Association was formed to help women win the right to vote.
- 2) Millions of people were saddened when President _____ died suddenly in office.
- 3) Calvin Coolidge was a firm supporter of American _____.
- 4) _____ like the radio and automobile brought people closer in the 1920s.
- 5) Having earned the right to _____, women began to think about getting jobs that had gone only to men.
- 6) A popular form of music in the 1920s was _____.
- 7) Older Americans were concerned about the effect of new _____ like "the Charleston."

Chapter 24 Mastery Test A, continued

Part C Circle the word or phrase in parentheses that best completes each sentence.

- 1) (Symphonies, Jazz) started as an African-American music form.
- 2) (The Harlem Renaissance, Charleston) produced many important African-American artists.
- 3) Organized crime became very powerful during (Prohibition, World War I).
- 4) The solo flight of (Charles Lindbergh, George Gershwin) symbolized American confidence after World War I.
- 5) The Roaring Twenties came to an end with the (stock market crash, death of Warren G. Harding).
- 6) For a few hundred dollars, you could buy (a car, a horse) and travel the bumpy streets of America.

Part D Match each item on the left with the correct item on the right. Write the correct letter on each line.

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| _____ 1) Progressive party | a) Open Door Policy |
| _____ 2) Hawaiian Islands | b) Established political reforms |
| _____ 3) Trade policy with China | c) Became U.S. territory in 1900 |
| _____ 4) World War I | d) Made the first solo transatlantic flight |
| _____ 5) Calvin Coolidge | e) Established America as a world power |
| _____ 6) Charles Lindbergh | f) Became President when Warren Harding died in office |