Student Study Guide

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page 1

World War II: 1939-1945

Directions: Fill in the outline below. Filling in the blanks will help you as you read and study Chapter 26.

. Section	on 1 Preparation for War (pp. 513-516)
	A. Benito-Mussolini
	1. Was an Italian dictator who created the party
	B. Adolph Hitler
	1. Led the party in taking over the German government
	C. The Spanish Civil War
	1. Lasted years and was won by in 1939
	D. Japan
	1. Invaded in 1937
I. Secti	on 2 Steps Toward a Second World War (pp. 517-520)
	A. Germany
	1. Wanted to create
	2. Took over and Germans living in
	B. Leaders of Great Britain and France
	1 and thought a policy of appeasement
	was best
	C. Kristallnacht
	1. Was the night of, when Nazis terrorized the Jewish people
	D. The Holocaust
	1. Germany set up in 1939, planning to
	murder
	2. The Nazi government killed nearly
	E. The Polish Corridor
	1. Poland refused to give Hitler
II. Sect	ion 3 World War II Begins (pp. 521-524)
	A. The Beginning of World War II
	1. Germany and the Soviet Union attacked
	2. Poland after a few weeks
	B. German Attacks
	1. Germany attacked,,
	, and
	C. Italy
	1. Sided with, forcing France to surrender
	D. Great Britain
	1. Was led by and was attacked in by
	German bombers

Date

Name	Date	Chapter 26
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.]	E. The Soviet Union1. Decided to join the Allies after being attacked by Hitler	34
3	in F. The United States 1. Provided weapons to Great Britain under the,	<i>page 2</i> passed
	in in to strengthen the armed forces	ne
V. Section 4	4 War in Asia (pp. 525-527)	
	A. Japan 1. Wanted to rule all of and joined and 2. Invaded in June of 1941	
	3. Attacked Pearl Harbor on, killing more than Americans	
	4. Four days after the attack, and and war on the U.S.	_ declared
	5. Won control of the Islands	
	The Home Front (pp. 528-529)	
	A. The United States1. Was able to produce2. Women joined the armed forces, serving in every role	
1	except B. Japanese Americans 1. Were ordered to live in camps	
VI. Section (6 The War Ends (pp. 530-533)	
	A. The Allies 1. Invaded in	
]	B. The Battle of the Bulge 1. Was the last offensive by the	
(C. President Roosevelt 1. Was re-elected in but suffered from	
]	D. The Yalta Agreement 1. Was the plan for Germany's surrender by,, and	
1	E. Two Leaders Die 1. President Roosevelt and Adolph Hitler April of 1945	ir
]	F. Japan 1. Thousands were killed when the United States dropped on it	

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Do You Remember?

Directions: Write the answers to these questions using complete sentences.

What was a major factor in the collapse of the German economy in 1923?
What group of people were stripped of their citizenship and property by the Nazis?
What was Adolf Hitler's title? What did it mean?
Why did Americans feel safe from foreign attack?
What did the neutrality laws of 1935 and 1937 forbid?

Workbook Activity

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The Beginning of the War

Directions: During the early years of World War II, the following statements might have been made by certain world leaders. After each statement, write C for Winston Churchill, H for Adolf Hitler, R for Franklin Roosevelt, or S for Joseph Stalin.

1)	"Poland surrendered a few weeks after we attacked it."
2)	"We must rescue the soldiers at Dunkirk."
3)	"I shall insist that the RAF increase its defenses."
4)	"We should consider lending arms to France and Great Britain."
5)	"Hitler can't be trusted. We must now join the others, for this man wants to conquer Europe."
6)	"Our island must defend itself at any cost."
7)	"I believe this policy will keep us out of the war."
8)	"Gentlemen, I ask you to approve these funds to ready us for war."
9)	"Tell them we will grant them rights to our naval bases."
10)	"What? Is he forgetting our friendship treaty?"
11)	"Our troops and troops from France and Belgium were trapped at the sea."
12)	"We will stage a blitzkrieg."
13)	"We must come to the aid of Poland."
14)	"Like it or not, we'll have to begin a lottery for more soldiers."
15)	"Using their bases, we can protect the Panama Canal."

Workbook Activity

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War in Asia

Directions: Complete the paragraphs below. Choose the correct term from the Word Bank.

	Word Bank	
alliance	Filipino troops	lend-lease
allies	gained control	naval fleet
announcement	gaining	negotiate
battleships	infamy	oil
empire	lack of	victory

	America's Open Door Policy was threatene	d by the 1)	of Japan that it		
intended to rule all of Asia, including China. Japan continued its plan to create an					
2)	It went on to form an 3)	with Germ	any and Italy.		
	After Japan conquered Indochina, America	became concerned that I	apan was		
4)	too much land. In response,		-		
-	to that country. In the meant	* *	0		
	o China. Japan's Premier Fumimaro Konoye				
-		•	Č		
	On December 7, 1941, 353 Japanese airplai	nes set off to destroy the A	merican		
8)	at Pearl Harbor. Within hour	•			
	, destroyers, and planes. More		•		
President Roosevelt referred to December 7 as a "date that will live on in 10)"					
	s 11), Germany and Italy,				
	In the Philippines, American and 12)	fought the Ja	panese. Because the		
Filipin	os and Americans had a 13)		-		
•	er 14) Japan had 15)		1 0		
			. A.		

The Home Front

Directions: Match each item in Column A with a detail in Column B. Write the letter of each correct answer on the line.

Column A		Col	umn B
1)	volunteers	a)	caused nation to set aside democratic
2)	industries		principles
3)	General Motors	b)	to use sparingly
4)	civilians	c)	to fail to guess size, quantity, or number
	bacon grease	d)	worn stockings were used to make these
	underestimated	e)	fighting
	shortages	f)	needed raw materials
	combat	g)	parks and flower beds were turned into these gardens
9)	pressure of war	h)	holding someone against his or her will
10)	victory gardens	i)	changed styles of women's clothes
11)	gunpowder bags	j)	was able to make more war supplies than
12)	detention	•	all of Germany and Japan
13)	many Japanese Americans	k)	fought bravely in Europe
14)	ration	I)	reminded Americans of their duty
15)	posters	m)	collected tires, cans, and papers
		n)	used for making ammunition
		0)	people who are not in military

The War Ends

Directions: The statements in the box are about the final days of World War II. However, they are in the wrong order. Rewrite them on the lines at the bottom, in the order in which they occurred.

- President Roosevelt died.
- Allied leaders met in Yalta.
- President Roosevelt was re-elected.
- The United States dropped an atomic bomb on Nagasaki.
- General MacArthur accepted the surrender of Japan.
- The United States dropped an atomic bomb on Hiroshima.
- President Truman gave a last warning to Japan.
- Germany surrendered.
- The Allies began an invasion of Japan.
- The Soviet Union entered the war against Japan.

1)		·	<u>, </u>	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
3)				-
4)				
5)				
6)		·		 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
8)	***************************************			
9)				

When Did It Happen?

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Directions: In the box below are events that led up to war in Europe. Write each event next to the date the event occurred.

- Austria declared to be part of Germany.
- Germans terrorize Jewish people in "Kristallnacht."
- Benito Mussolini becomes dictator of Italy.
- Adolf Hitler and Joseph Stalin sign treaty of friendship.
- Hitler becomes dictator of Germany.
- Japan invades China.
- European leaders appease Hitler on Sudetenland.
- The German economy falls apart.
- Hitler demands Poland give back Danzig.
- Civil war begins in Spain.

1922:		
1923:		
1933:	*	
1936:		
1937:		
March 1938:		
September 1938:		
November 1938:	• •	
March 1939:		
August 1939:		

Directions: Briefly explain the meaning of each headline that could

Headlines in History

have appeared in a newspaper during the 1930s. Add a complete date if possible. 1) Poland Invaded in "Blitzkrieg" 2) Pearl Harbor Hit in Dawn Attack 3) "Rosie the Riveter" Fights War on Home Front 4) Americans to Lend Help With War 5) Japanese Americans Held in Detention Camps