

Name:
Date:
Period:

Chapter 3 Vocabulary Terms

Use a separate sheet of paper to define the following terms to know.

1. Ambassador
2. Article
3. Congress
4. Preamble
5. candidate
6. debate
7. sue
8. civil
9. convict
10. due process
11. evidence
12. grand jury
13. indict
14. witness
15. assemble
16. express
17. militia
18. opinion
19. amendment
20. convention
21. majority
22. prohibition
23. Use 5 of your vocabulary terms in a paragraph about our government.

The Preamble and Articles I, II, III, and IV

A. Directions: Complete the Preamble to the Constitution.

Fill in each blank with the missing word.

We the people of the _____, in order to form
a more perfect _____, establish _____, insure
_____ tranquility, provide for the common _____,
promote the general _____, and secure the blessings of
_____ to ourselves and our posterity, do _____ and
establish this _____ for the United States of _____.

B. Directions: Read these statements from the first four articles of the
Constitution. Decide which article of the Constitution
made each provision. Write *I, II, III,* or *IV* on the line.

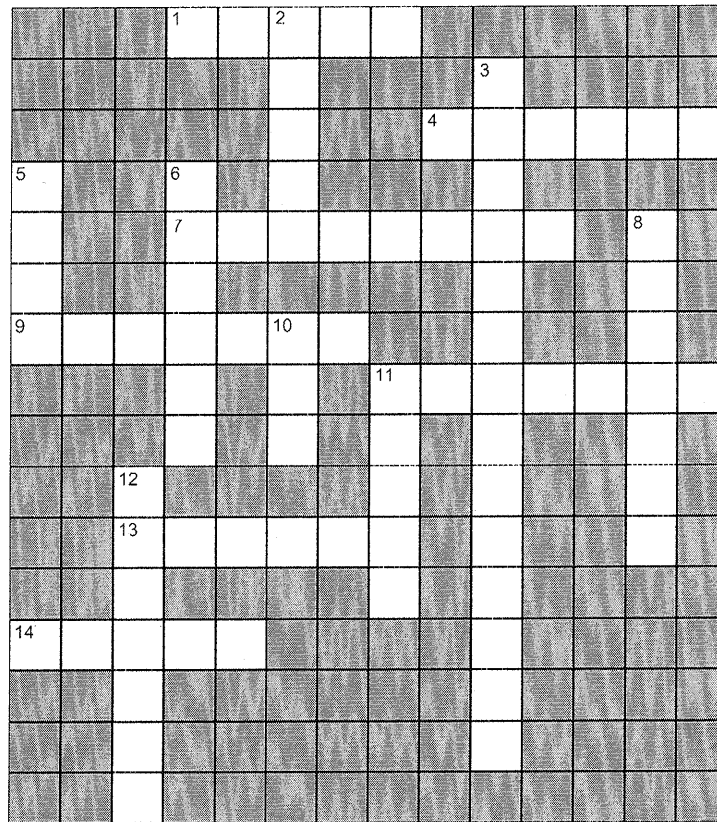
- _____ 1) The President has the power to appoint judges to the Supreme Court.
- _____ 2) "All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress . . ."
- _____ 3) "The judicial power of the United States, shall be vested in one Supreme Court . . ."
- _____ 4) A citizen's rights are respected in all states.
- _____ 5) Congress shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.
- _____ 6) The Vice President shall be elected for the same term as the President.
- _____ 7) Executive power shall be vested in a President.
- _____ 8) States are required to honor one another's laws.
- _____ 9) A President shall hold office for a term of four years.
- _____ 10) The federal government guarantees each state a republican form of government.

Articles V, VI, and VII

Directions: Answer these questions about Articles V (Five), VI (Six), and VII (Seven) of the Constitution.

- 1) How many states had to vote to approve the ratification of the Constitution? _____
- 2) About how many amendments to the Constitution have been suggested? _____
- 3) Which article tells about making amendments to the Constitution? _____
- 4) Which article explains why amendments are made to the Constitution? _____
- 5) Which article states that the Constitution is the supreme law of the land? _____
- 6) How many articles does the Constitution contain? _____
- 7) How many amendments have been added to the Constitution? _____
- 8) Which amendment ended Prohibition? _____
- 9) How many states had to hold conventions to ratify the Constitution? _____
- 10) Which article tells how the ratification of the Constitution will take place? _____
- 11) Which article tells who is required to support and obey the Constitution? _____
- 12) What size majority vote is needed in both houses for Congress to approve an amendment? _____
- 13) How many state conventions must vote “yes” for an amendment to be approved? _____

The Constitution Puzzle



Across

- 1) Amendment that guarantees “due process” when being tried.
- 4) Amendment that gives the right to bear arms.
- 7) Letter or formal written request.
- 9) Amendment that applies to civil lawsuits.
- 11) Person who testifies.
- 13) To charge with a crime by the finding of a grand jury.
- 14) A civil lawsuit does not involve a _____.

Down

- 2) Amendment that allows people freedom of expression.
- 3) The First Amendment allows people to hold peaceful _____.
- 5) A person who _____ brings legal action against another.
- 6) To express verbally is freedom of _____.
- 8) People may _____ as they please.
- 10) Public _____ money cannot be given to any one religion.
- 11) To _____ down your opinions is freedom of the press.
- 12) A person born in the United States is a _____.

Amendments to the Constitution

Directions: Each of these facts is about one of the amendments given below. Match each fact with its amendment. Write the letter of each fact on the line under the amendment.

- a) Georgia refused to pay.
- b) Ratification in 1865.
- c) All people born in the United States are citizens.
- d) Result of lawsuit by citizens of South Carolina.
- e) End of slavery in all states.
- f) Supreme Court denied rulings in state affairs.
- g) African-American men had the right to vote.
- h) Ended one cause of trouble between the North and the South.
- i) Majority of Southern states would not obey this amendment.
- j) Last amendment passed soon after the Civil War.
- k) Separate candidates for the office of President and Vice President.
- l) House of Representatives chooses the winner.
- m) Foreign-born persons can become citizens.
- n) States must give citizens "equal protection."
- o) Election ended in a tie.

Eleventh Amendment	Twelfth Amendment	Thirteenth Amendment
_____ _____ _____	_____ _____ _____	_____ _____ _____
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 48%; padding: 5px;"> Fourteenth Amendment _____ _____ _____ </div> <div style="width: 48%; padding: 5px;"> Fifteenth Amendment _____ _____ _____ </div> </div>		

United States Constitution

A. Directions: Complete each sentence with a word from the Word Bank.

- 1) The _____ Amendment ended the poll tax.
- 2) The Twenty-First Amendment ended _____.
- 3) The Nineteenth Amendment gave women the _____ to vote.
- 4) The Twenty-Sixth Amendment set the _____ age at eighteen.
- 5) The day the President takes office is _____ 20.
- 6) A President is limited to _____ elected terms.
- 7) Prohibition was the ending of the making and selling of _____ beverages.
- 8) The Seventeenth Amendment provided for the direct election of _____.
- 9) Congress may pass _____ tax laws.
- 10) The Twenty-Fifth Amendment decided who would be qualified to fill the office of _____ and Vice President.

B. Directions: Use the words from the sentences to fill in the words in this puzzle. The letters in the box reading down tell you the number of years that passed after 1870 before any more changes were made to the Constitution.

1)	_____	_____	_____
2)	_____	_____	_____
3)	_____	_____	_____
4)	_____	_____	_____
5)	_____	_____	_____
6)	_____	_____	_____
7)	_____	_____	_____
8)	_____	_____	_____
9)	_____	_____	_____
10)	_____	_____	_____

Word Bank

alcoholic
income
January
President
Prohibition
right
senators
Twenty-Fourth
two
voting

Facts About the Constitution

A. Directions: Use these words to complete the following paragraph:

Preamble, amendments, Bill of Rights, and articles.

The United States Constitution is made up of three main parts. The **1)** _____ states the purpose and goals. There are also seven **2)** _____, and twenty-seven **3)** _____. The first ten amendments, which guarantee individual rights, are known as the **4)** _____.

B. Directions: Complete each sentence with the correct phrase.

Circle the letter of the correct phrase.

1) The first three articles of the Constitution

- a)** explain how the states should treat each other. **b)** set up the legislative, executive, and judicial branches of the federal government.

2) The Constitution is the supreme (highest) law in the land. This was declared by

- a)** Article Six of the Constitution. **b)** Article Seven of the Constitution.

3) The Bill of Rights was added to the Constitution

- a)** to guarantee the rights of individuals. **b)** to allow changes to be made in the document.

C. Directions: Amendments Sixteen through Twenty-Seven were added to the Constitution between 1913 and 1992. Write *Yes* on the line if the statement tells about one of these amendments. Write *No* if it does not tell about one of these amendments.

- _____ **1)** Banned the making and selling of alcoholic beverages
 _____ **2)** Gave slaves full citizenship
 _____ **3)** Limited the term of office for the President
 _____ **4)** Removed the poll tax for voting
 _____ **5)** Guaranteed freedom of religion
 _____ **6)** Prohibited torture as punishment
 _____ **7)** Reduced the voting age to 18 in the whole country

The Articles and the Bill of Rights

A. Directions: Find the term that applies to each Article. Fill in the blank with the correct term from the Word Bank.

- 1) Article I: _____
- 2) Article II: _____
- 3) Article III: _____
- 4) Article IV: _____
- 5) Article V: _____
- 6) Article VI: _____
- 7) Article VII: _____

Word Bank

Amendments
Executive
Judicial
Legislative
Ratification
States
Supreme Law

B. Directions: Complete each statement. Fill in the blank with the correct word from the Word Bank.

Word Bank

bail	federal	religion	soldiers	torture
bear arms	jury	rights	speech	trial
due process of law	militia	searches		

- 1) Freedom of _____, _____, press, and petition is guaranteed.
- 2) The right to _____ and for the states to have a _____ is provided.
- 3) Protection from having to quarter _____ in homes is guaranteed.
- 4) It protects citizens from unreasonable _____ and seizures.
- 5) Right to a grand jury trial and _____ is guaranteed.
- 6) An accused person has the right to a fair _____.
- 7) If more than twenty dollars is involved, a civil lawsuit is brought to trial before a _____.
- 8) Protection from unreasonable _____ and fines and from _____ is guaranteed.
- 9) Protection of _____ not written in the Bill of Rights are described.
- 10) Powers not given to the _____ government are given to the states.

Amendments Eleven Through Twenty-Six

Directions: Complete each statement. Fill in the blank with the correct word from the Word Bank.

Word Bank			
alcoholic	ended	slavery	vote
citizens	income taxes	state	Washington, D.C.
Congress	poll tax	two	women
disabled	President	Vice President	
eighteen	senators		

- 1) Federal courts are denied the right to make rulings in _____ affairs.
- 2) There must be separate candidates for President and _____
_____.
- 3) The Thirteenth Amendment ended _____ in all states.
- 4) All people born in the United States and under its rule are _____.
- 5) The Fifteenth Amendment granted all male Americans the right to _____.
- 6) Congress has the power to collect _____.
- 7) The Seventeenth Amendment provided for direct election of _____.
- 8) Prohibition banned the making and selling of _____ beverages.
- 9) The Nineteenth Amendment gave _____ the right to vote.
- 10) The Twentieth Amendment set new dates for _____ to begin its session,
and for the _____ to take office.
- 11) The Twenty-First Amendment _____ Prohibition.
- 12) The term of President is limited to _____ elected terms.
- 13) Residents of _____ were given the right to vote for national officials.
- 14) The Twenty-Fourth Amendment ended the _____.
- 15) The Twenty-Fifth Amendment provided for the filling of the offices of President and Vice
President if they became _____.
- 16) The voting age was set at _____ in all states.