

## Africa and the Americas: A.D. 300 to A.D. 1590

**Directions:** Fill in the outline below. Filling in the blanks will help you as you read and study Chapter 11.

### I. Section 1: The Rise of Islam (pp. 264–267)

#### A. Muhammad

1. Born in the Arabian town of \_\_\_\_\_
2. Had a \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_, who told him he was the messenger of \_\_\_\_\_
3. Fleed \_\_\_\_\_ and went to Medina on a journey called \_\_\_\_\_

#### B. Islam

1. Started by teachings of \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_ surrender themselves to Allah
3. Holy book is called \_\_\_\_\_
4. Has five \_\_\_\_\_, or duties

### II. Section 2: Islamic Civilization (pp. 268–271)

#### A. Islam Spread

1. Because of \_\_\_\_\_, the struggle to spread Islam.
2. Across \_\_\_\_\_ and into Europe
3. Across the \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ Empires to \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_

#### B. Baghdad

1. Capital of the \_\_\_\_\_ dynasty
2. Center of \_\_\_\_\_

#### C. Muslim Contributions

1. Improved \_\_\_\_\_, resulting in a \_\_\_\_\_ of food
2. Made a science of \_\_\_\_\_ and discovered \_\_\_\_\_ diseases
3. Arab \_\_\_\_\_ figured out the earth is \_\_\_\_\_
4. Muslim scholar \_\_\_\_\_ made discoveries which led to \_\_\_\_\_
5. Islamic art never shows \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_
6. Poetry is about the beauty of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_

**Africa and the Americas: A.D. 300 to A.D. 1590, continued****III. Section 3: African Kingdoms (pp. 272–276)**

## A. Ghana

1. Founded about A.D. \_\_\_\_\_
2. Called “the land of \_\_\_\_\_”
3. Had a powerful \_\_\_\_\_, but did not conquer its \_\_\_\_\_
4. Fell because \_\_\_\_\_ invaded

## B. Mali

1. \_\_\_\_\_ took control of the gold fields
2. \_\_\_\_\_ became a Muslim and ran a \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ empire
3. Fell because \_\_\_\_\_

## C. Songhai

1. Became powerful in the \_\_\_\_\_ by controlling the \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ trade
2. Divided into provinces by King \_\_\_\_\_
3. Fell to Arab army that had \_\_\_\_\_

**IV. Section 4: Early Civilizations in the Americas (pp. 277–282)**

## A. Olmecs

1. Lived in \_\_\_\_\_
2. Raised \_\_\_\_\_
3. Invented a kind of \_\_\_\_\_ writing

## B. Mayas

1. Traded with people in \_\_\_\_\_
2. Invented a \_\_\_\_\_ with no mistakes

## C. Aztecs

1. Destroyed \_\_\_\_\_ around 1160
2. Built capital of \_\_\_\_\_
3. Worshipped many \_\_\_\_\_ and believed in \_\_\_\_\_ sacrifice

## D. Incas

1. Settled in valley of \_\_\_\_\_ around 1100
2. \_\_\_\_\_ to connect their empire
3. Invented the \_\_\_\_\_, which is used as a lever

## Do You Remember?

**Directions:** Write the answers to these questions using complete sentences.

1) Why did Muhammad and his followers flee Mecca?

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2) What did Muhammad do when he returned to Mecca?

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3) What are the five pillars each Muslim must follow?

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4) How did the Arabic language spread across the world?

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5) What do Muslims think of Jewish and Christian beliefs?

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# Islamic Civilization

**Directions:** Circle the correct word to answer each question.

- 1) Muslims leaders continued Muhammad's teachings by means of what?  
missionaries                  jihads                  mosques                  rubaiyats
- 2) What dynasty became rulers of the Arabian Empire in A.D. 750?  
Ming                  Khayyam                  Al-Razi                  Abbasid
- 3) What caused the Islamic Empire to become rich?  
trade                  science                  art                  gold
- 4) In mathematics, the Arabs borrowed the decimal system from whom?  
Aztecs                  ancient Greeks                  Hindus                  Babylonians
- 5) What do we call a disease that can pass from one person to another?  
lethal                  deadly                  contagious                  surplus
- 6) What does Islamic art never show?  
patterns                  designs                  writing                  people
- 7) What is the name for a Muslim place of worship?  
jihad                  mosque                  surplus                  contagious
- 8) Who was the best known Muslim poet?  
Jabir                  Ali Baba                  Khayyam                  Al-Razi
- 9) What amount of food did the lands of Mesopotamia and the Nile Valley produce?  
a surplus                  a shortage                  a ton                  none
- 10) Who may have been the first doctor to use casts for broken arms and legs?  
Al-Razi                  Jabir                  Khayyam                  Baghdad

## African Kingdom Match-Up

**Directions:** Match each item in Column A with a detail in Column B.  
Write the letter of each correct answer on the line.

### Column A

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1) Ghana
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2) Sundiata Kieta
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3) infidel
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4) Sonni Ali
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5) appoint
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6) caravans
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7) Kumbi
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8) Mali
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9) Mansu Musa
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10) Timbuktu

### Column B

- a) largest city in Ghana
- b) became a Muslim
- c) founded in about A.D. 400
- d) to choose someone for a job
- e) empire that formed after Ghana lost its power
- f) divided Mali into provinces
- g) helped transport salt
- h) powerful king of Songhai
- i) one who does not believe in the religion another person believes in
- j) center of Islamic learning

## What Am I?

**Directions:** After each sentence, write the correct word that the sentence describes. Choose your answer from the words in the Word Bank.

**Word Bank**

abandon	maize	slave
Aztec	Maya	Tikal
causeway	Olmec	Tula
crowbar		

- 1) I am a corn-like plant raised by the Olmecs. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2) My people began building their civilization around A.D. 250. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3) I am a paved road over water that connects two pieces of land. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) My people were fierce and warlike. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) I was destroyed by the Aztecs. \_\_\_\_\_
- 6) I am a word that means to leave behind. \_\_\_\_\_
- 7) People owned me and treated me like property. \_\_\_\_\_
- 8) I was the largest Mayan city. \_\_\_\_\_
- 9) My people lived in farm villages. \_\_\_\_\_
- 10) The Incas invented me. \_\_\_\_\_

## Write the Correct Answer

**Directions:** Fill in each blank with the correct word. Choose your answer from the words in the Word Bank.

### Word Bank

alms	Hajj	Koran
announcement	Hegira	Mecca
Christianity	idols	pillars
fast	Islam	Ramadan
Gabriel	Kaaba	vision

- 1) Muhammad was born in \_\_\_\_\_ in A.D. 570.
- 2) Muhammad's flight to Medina is called the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3) A \_\_\_\_\_ is a visit from God or one of God's angels.
- 4) The temple in the center of Mecca was called the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5) The people of Mecca worshiped \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6) The \_\_\_\_\_ is the holy book of Islam.
- 7) God spoke to Muhammad through the angel \_\_\_\_\_.
- 8) The Koran lists five duties, or \_\_\_\_\_.
- 9) Muslims help the poor and needy by giving \_\_\_\_\_.
- 10) The fifth pillar of Islam is the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 11) A statement of something that is about to happen is a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.
- 12) During the holy month of \_\_\_\_\_, Muslims fast from sunrise to sunset.
- 13) Muslims recognize the teachings of Judaism and \_\_\_\_\_.
- 14) Once a year, Muhammad went to the desert to pray and to \_\_\_\_\_.
- 15) Muhammad's teachings started the religion called \_\_\_\_\_.

## Kingdoms of Africa True or False

**Directions:** Read each sentence. Write *T* if the statement is true or *F* if it is false.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1) Three kingdoms became powerful in West Africa around A.D. 1095.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2) Ghana was one of the most powerful empires in the world by A.D. 1070.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3) An infidel is one who believes in the religion another person believes in.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4) Sundiata Kieta was responsible for Songhai's rise to greatness.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5) Mansa Musa, the king of Mali, became a Christian.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6) King Sonni Ali made Songhai the largest empire of West Africa.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7) To appoint is to choose someone for a job.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8) After Ghana defeated the Almoravids, it became even more powerful than it had been before.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9) Sundiata Kieta divided his kingdom into provinces.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10) Mali broke apart after being defeated by the Arab army.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11) Ghana's army was large, and it easily conquered its weaker neighbors.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12) Many people in Ghana became Muslims.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 13) When the empire of Mali became powerful, it took control of the trade routes.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 14) Mansa Musa set up a center of Islamic learning in Timbuktu.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 15) The salt trade was not important to empires in West Africa.



## People of Early Civilizations in the Americas

**Directions:** Each item below describes one of the early peoples of the Americas. Write the letter of each item after the correct name at the bottom of the page.

- a) raised maize
- b) their doctors performed brain surgery
- c) civilization ended around 100 B.C.
- d) worshiped many gods
- e) built their capital on an island in Lake Texcoco
- f) settled in a valley of the Andes Mountains
- g) cities were mostly religious centers
- h) had no flat land for farming
- i) believed the god of the sun needed human sacrifice
- j) no one knows how to read their hieroglyphics
- k) lived in farm villages
- l) destroyed the Tolec capital of Tula
- m) civilization began around 1200 B.C.
- n) invented the crowbar
- o) invented a calendar with no mistakes
- p) developed a calendar and a counting system
- q) made war with neighboring peoples for 200 years
- r) divided themselves into three groups
- s) their capital was Cuzco
- t) their cities became centers of trade

Olmecs \_\_\_\_\_

Mayas \_\_\_\_\_

Aztecs \_\_\_\_\_

Incas \_\_\_\_\_

## Chapter 11 Mastery Test A

**Part A** Match each item on the left with the correct item on the right.  
Write the correct letter on each blank.

- |                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| _____ 1) fast    | a) "the land of gold"                         |
| _____ 2) Gabriel | b) corn-like plant grown by Olmecs            |
| _____ 3) alms    | c) Muslim place of worship                    |
| _____ 4) jihad   | d) to give up eating food                     |
| _____ 5) mosque  | e) money or care given to the poor and needy  |
| _____ 6) Al-Razi | f) Arab doctor                                |
| _____ 7) maize   | g) divided into provinces by Sundiata Kieta   |
| _____ 8) Ghana   | h) spreading of Islam                         |
| _____ 9) Mali    | i) Muslim name for God                        |
| _____ 10) Allah  | j) angel who appeared to Muhammad in a vision |

**Part B** Read each sentence. Write *T* if the statement is true or *F* if it is false.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1) Muhammad founded the religion of Islam.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2) The Incas lived in the mountains and had no flat land for farming.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3) A hegira is a visit from God or from one of God's angels.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4) The Koran is the holy book of the Muslims.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5) Muslims must follow six pillars, or duties.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6) The Incan Empire fell because it had no horses or guns.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7) The Islamic Empire allowed Jews and Christians to keep their customs.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8) The Aztecs believed in human sacrifice.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9) Ghana had a powerful army and easily conquered its weaker neighbors.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10) The third West African empire, Songhai, became powerful in the 1400s.

**Chapter 11 Mastery Test A, continued**

**Part C** Write the letter of the answer that correctly completes each sentence.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1) The \_\_\_\_\_ priests made human sacrifices to their gods.  
a. Muslim      b. Incan      c. Aztec      d. Songhai
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2) The fifth pillar of Islam, the Hajj, involves a visit to \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. Medina      b. Mecca      c. Baghdad      d. Kumbi
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3) The empire of Mali became powerful because it took control of \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. trade routes      b. infidels      c. metalworking      d. Timbuktu
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4) The Olmecs invented a kind of \_\_\_\_\_ writing.  
a. cave      b. scientific      c. hieroglyphic      d. religious
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5) Historians call Muhammad's journey from Mecca to Medina the \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. Vision      b. Fast      c. Hegira      d. Jihad
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6) The Muslims had a surplus of food because they improved \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. trade      b. medicine      c. law      d. farming
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7) An Arab named Jabir made discoveries that led to \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. chemistry      b. mathematics      c. causeways      d. Hinduism
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8) The \_\_\_\_\_ dynasty began to rule the Arabian Empire in A.D. 750.  
a. Muhammad      b. Jihad      c. Abbasid      d. Songhai
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9) The government of Ghana became rich by \_\_\_\_\_ trade caravans.  
a. abandoning      b. taxing      c. appointing      d. attacking
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10) \_\_\_\_\_ priests invented a mathematical system based on the number 20.  
a. Mayan      b. Aztec      c. Olmec      d. Incan

**Part D** Write the correct answer on the blank for each question.

- 1) What is the first pillar of Islam? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2) What is the name of the holy book of Islam? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3) What is one reason the Islamic Empire became rich? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) What empire took control of the trade routes when Ghana lost its power? \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) Who built their capital at Tenochtitlan? \_\_\_\_\_