

**Greek Civilization: 2000 B.C. to 323 B.C.**

**Directions:** Fill in the outline below. Filling in the blanks will help you as you read and study Chapter 6.

**I. Section 1: Early Civilizations of the Aegean Sea (pp. 144–146)****A. Minoan Civilization**

1. Was on the island of \_\_\_\_\_ and was ruled by \_\_\_\_\_

**B. Mycenaeans**

1. Also called \_\_\_\_\_, and were \_\_\_\_\_ people

**C. The Trojan War**

1. Described in two poems, the \_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_

2. The \_\_\_\_\_ won by \_\_\_\_\_

**II. Section 2: The Greek City-States (pp. 147–148)****A. Greece**

1. Mountains kept Greek people \_\_\_\_\_ from \_\_\_\_\_

2. The Greeks built several small settlements, or \_\_\_\_\_

**B. Government**

1. Each polis was independent, or \_\_\_\_\_

2. In 800 B.C., \_\_\_\_\_ ruled and passed power to \_\_\_\_\_

3. By 700 B.C., powerful families called \_\_\_\_\_ had taken over

4. Strong men used force to \_\_\_\_\_ in about \_\_\_\_\_ B.C.

**C. Democracy**

1. Leader named \_\_\_\_\_ helped create it

2. Means rule by \_\_\_\_\_

3. Most important contribution the \_\_\_\_\_ made to \_\_\_\_\_

**III. Section 3: Athens (pp. 149–150)****A. Athenian Democracy**

1. Only \_\_\_\_\_ had a right to vote, and only \_\_\_\_\_ could be \_\_\_\_\_

2. Chose members of the council by \_\_\_\_\_

3. Athenian courts used large \_\_\_\_\_

**IV. Section 4: (pp. 151–152)****A. Spartans**

1. Enslaved \_\_\_\_\_ and called them \_\_\_\_\_

2. Built no \_\_\_\_\_ around their city because \_\_\_\_\_

3. Were not interested in \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_, and did not \_\_\_\_\_ with others

## Do You Remember?

**Directions:** Write the answers to these questions using complete sentences.

1) Where did the Minoan civilization begin?

---

---

---

2) How did the Greek civilization develop?

---

---

---

3) What kind of people were the Mycenaeans? What did they do?

---

---

---

4) How do we know about the Trojan War?

---

---

---

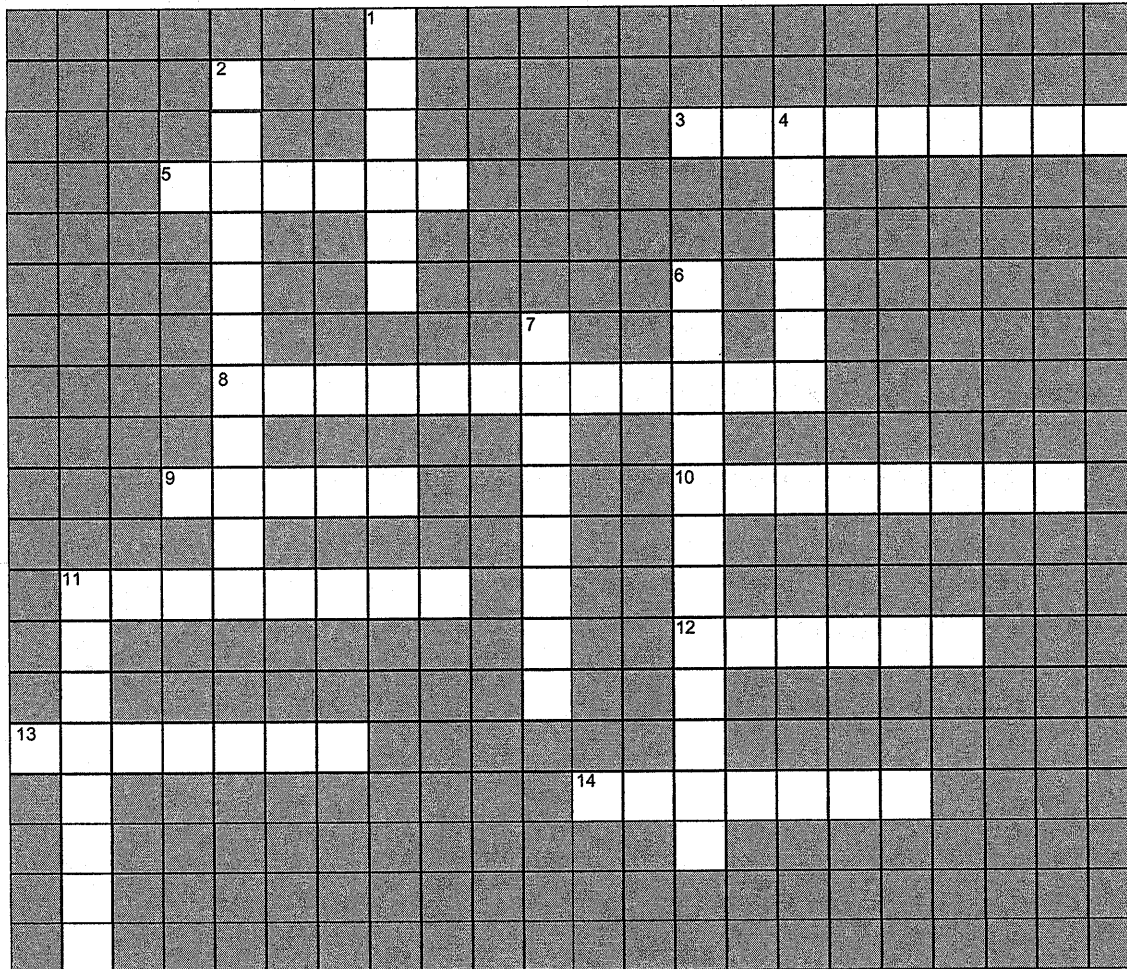
5) What trick did the Mycenaean warriors use to win the Trojan War?

---

---

---

# Peloponnesian War Crossword



### Across

- 3) to have more soldiers, ships, or war machines than someone else has
- 5) son of Darius
- 8) ran 25 miles to announce victory
- 9) a group of ships
- 10) conquered the Ionian Greeks in Asia Minor
- 11) to move around
- 12) sent 600 ships to invade Greece in 490 B.C.
- 13) Athenians defeated Persians here
- 14) where King Philip II was from

### Down

- 1) conquered by the Persians in 519 B.C.
- 2) narrow mountain pass in northern Greece
- 4) defeated Sparta in 371 B.C.
- 6) freedom
- 7) waited for the Persians at Thermopylae
- 11) Bay 25 miles northeast of Athens

## Alexander the Great

**Directions:** Match each item in Column A with a detail in Column B.  
Write the letter of each correct answer on the line.

### Column A

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1) Philip II
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2) Hellenism
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3) geometry
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4) pulleys
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5) Euclid
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6) Syria
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7) customs
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8) Aristotle
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9) Nile
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10) Mediterranean
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11) Antioch
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12) Archimedes
- \_\_\_\_\_ 13) Hellenistic Age
- \_\_\_\_\_ 14) Babylon
- \_\_\_\_\_ 15) Egypt

### Column B

- a) blend of eastern and western cultures
- b) had lighted streets
- c) Alexander was a pupil of \_\_\_\_\_
- d) where Alexander died
- e) Alexander freed \_\_\_\_\_ from Persian rule
- f) Alexandria was built at the mouth of this river
- g) Alexander's father
- h) the study of the measurement of round and flat things
- i) put together everything people knew about geometry
- j) wheels for ropes to pass over
- k) Alexander's kingdom was divided into Macedon, Egypt, and \_\_\_\_\_
- l) the time when Greek culture influenced the world
- m) people adopted the Greek \_\_\_\_\_
- n) Euclid's student
- o) Hellenistic culture shaped the \_\_\_\_\_ world for 300 years

## Sparta

**Directions:** Write the answers to these questions using complete sentences.

1) Why didn't the Spartans build a protective wall around their city?

---

---

---

2) What were some important events in a Spartan man's life?

---

---

---

3) What were Spartan women like?

---

---

---

4) What did the Spartans do to the helots after they defeated them?

---

---

---

5) What are three ways Spartans were different from other people in Greece?

---

---

---

## Chapter 6 Mastery Test A

**Part A** Match each item on the left with the correct item on the right.  
Write the correct letter on each blank.

- |                              |   |
|------------------------------|---|
| _____ 1) philosophers        | a) made Hellenism possible                          |
| _____ 2) acropolis           | b) the art of building                              |
| _____ 3) Solon               | c) wrote a book about a perfect, just society       |
| _____ 4) Plato               | d) rule by force and not by law                     |
| _____ 5) Euclid              | e) want to find proof of the truth                  |
| _____ 6) tyrants             | f) the study of good and bad                        |
| _____ 7) assembly            | g) hill on which the Greeks built their main temple |
| _____ 8) architecture        | h) helped create democracy in Athens                |
| _____ 9) Alexander the Great | i) a group of people who meet to pass laws          |
| _____ 10) ethics             | j) gathered knowledge of geometry                   |

**Part B** Read each sentence. Write *T* if the statement is true or *F* if it is false.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1) The Athenians defeated the Persians at the Battle of Marathon.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2) Sea trade helped Athens grow in wealth and power.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3) Two kinds of Greek plays are tragedies and dramas.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4) Athenian citizens did not want Socrates put to death.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5) Hellenistic culture is a blend of eastern and western cultures.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6) The Minoans were the first people to live on the Greek peninsula.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7) To migrate is to attack suddenly.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8) The Greek city-states tried several different forms of government.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9) Physics is the study of how to think.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10) Alexandria was an important city in the Hellenistic Age.